# Housing Services Recharge Policy

2024

Document Version Information	
Policy Owner	Property Services Manager
Committee	Policy, Finance and Development
Committee Approval Date	28 <sup>th</sup> June 2022
Review Date	8 <sup>th</sup> May 2024
Next Review Date	27 <sup>th</sup> June 2026
Version	1.1

# Contents

1.	Introduction	Page 2
2.	Purpose	Page 2
3.	Council Responsibilities	Page 2
4.	Tenant Responsibilities	Page 3
5.	Rechargeable Items	Page 3
	5.1 Identifying a Rechargeable Item	Page 3
	5.2 Examples of a Recharge	Page 3
	5.3 Forced entry / Fear of welfare	Page 4
	5.4 Alterations / Repairs made by tenants	Page 4
6.	Tenant option to repair damage	Page 4
7.	Expected property standards	Page 5
8.	Former tenants	Page 6
9.	Exceptional Circumstances	Page 6
10.	Repayment	Page 6
11	. Subsequent Rechargeable Item	Page 6
12.	. Appeals	Page 7

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 This policy outlines Oadby & Wigston Borough Council's approach to recharging tenants for any repairs or services that have been carried out to a Council property, garage or communal area due to damage caused wilfully, through negligence or accidentally by a tenant, a member of their household or a visitor to their home. In addition, it covers the cost of clearing redundant possessions when a property is vacated and any work carried out by the Council to repair or maintain the property that is the tenant's responsibility. The cost of the repairs or services would be regarded as a 'Recharge'.
- 1.2 The Council will recover a Recharge for works and/or services carried out due to a tenant's non-compliance with the terms of their tenancy agreement during the tenancy or when the property has been vacated.
- 1.3 The policy will set out the housing services work that current or former tenants may be charged for.

# 2. Purpose

- 2.1 The purpose of this policy is to ensure that the Council adopts a consistent, fair and transparent approach to recharging tenants for repairs or maintenance works that are not normally the responsibility of the Council.
- 2.2 The aims of this Policy are:
  - To ensure that recharges are dealt with transparently and efficiently
  - To recover the cost of recharges from current and former tenants
  - To ensure that associated costs are pursued from those tenants who cause damage to their property wilfully, through negligence or accidentally
  - To maximise income by the recovery of debts in relation to rechargeable items
- 2.3 Reasonable wear and tear within properties is expected, this will not be regarded as a Recharge.

# 3. Council Responsibilities

- 3.1 As a landlord, Oadby & Wigston Borough Council have certain responsibilities to maintain and repair our properties. These responsibilities are set out in the various Housing Acts, Landlord & Tenant Act 1985 and the Human Rights Act 1998, and are detailed in a the Tenancy Agreement and Tenant Handbook.
- 3.2 The Council is responsible for repairing the structure, the communal areas and the outside of the property and for making sure fixtures and fittings for electricity, gas, sanitation, and water are safe and in working order. The tenant will only be charged if the cause of these works was due to tenant damage or neglect.

# 4. Tenant Responsibilities

- 4.1 The Tenancy Agreement sets out which repairs tenants are responsible for. This makes it clear that if the tenant fails to carry out his/her responsibilities covered in their tenancy agreement, any costs incurred by the Council to undertake repairs or maintenance work to the property will be recharged to the tenant.
- 4.2 The tenant's responsibilities for looking after their home are outlined in the Tenancy Agreement, specifically within the following sections:
  - Section 6 Repairs and Maintenance
  - Section 10 Gardens
  - Section 11 Boundaries, Paths and Driveways
  - Section 13 Use of Communal Areas

# 5. Rechargeable Items

#### 5.1 Identifying a Rechargeable Item

- 5.1.1 A Rechargeable Item is defined as any work that Oadby & Wigston Borough Council has to carry out in order to ensure a property is safe and/or suitable for re-letting for which the tenant is responsible for. A Rechargeable Item may be identified in a number of ways:
  - the tenant reports a repair and a Rechargeable Item is identified
  - the repairs & voids officer identifies a Rechargeable Item during an inspection
  - the contractor identifies a Rechargeable Item during a visit or inspection
  - any Oadby & Wigston Borough Council Officer identifies a Rechargeable Item at a tenancy visit

#### 5.2 Examples of a Recharge

- 5.2.1 A Recharge can arise in many situations. The following are examples and do not form an exhaustive list:
  - Repairing any damage to the property, garden or communal area
  - Repair and/or replacement of damaged fixtures and fittings
  - Cost incurred by us as a result of a breach of you of conditions in relation to the tenancy agreement
  - Costs incurred as a result of maintaining your garden
  - Repairs undertaken in an emergency on behalf of the tenant e.g. lock replacement due to lost or misplaced keys

- Repairs for which the tenant is responsible, that the Council agrees to carry out. This will
  apply in circumstances such as where there are health and safety concerns and to
  prevent further damage e.g. to carry out corrective work
- Rectifying any alterations a tenant has made without the Council's permission, or which were not completed to an acceptable standard
- Recharging for items that are missing once a tenancy has ended
- Cost of cleaning and clearing the property, garden, sheds or outbuildings if left in an unsatisfactory condition at the end of the tenancy
- Repairs and/or improvements requested by the tenant that are not normally the responsibility of the landlord
- Emergency repairs e.g. making safe glazing, water leaks, hot water, heating, fire, flood, problems with gas and securing a door if required following forced entry
- Cost of clearing fly tipping or discarded items in both internal and external communal areas

#### 5.3 Forced entry / Fear for welfare

- 5.3.1 For any occasions where the police are in possession of a warrant to gain lawful entry to a property, when a lawful entry is made the police have no liability for the damage which may be caused in securing the entry. The tenant will still have to pay for any repairs even if no one was arrested or any items found.
- 5.3.2 For any occasions where forced entry is gained due to a fear for welfare, these cases will be looked at on a case by case basis taking into consideration the full circumstances. A decision will be made by the Housing Service Manager as to whether the tenant will be recharged for any repairs.

# 5.4 Alterations / Repairs made by tenants

- 5.4.1 Alterations and home improvements are effectively damage to the property if they have:
  - been carried out without the Councils permission, see Section 6.18 of the tenancy agreement
  - not been carried out to the required standard, or
  - not been maintained or is unsafe

# 6. Tenant option to repair damage

6.1 Whenever possible tenants should be given the options to repair any damage themselves at which point they will be advised by the Council of the acceptable standards required. If they

take up the option a reasonable timescale should be agreed, in writing, by which time the work should be completed.

- Where a tenant has opted to repair damage themselves rather than the council carrying out this work, a post inspection of the work will be carried out by the Repairs & Voids inspector. This is to ensure that works are completed the required standards and if not, the Council will bring the repairs up to the required standard and the tenant will be charged for this.
- 6.3 It may **not** be possible to give a tenant the opportunity to do the work if it is a threat to health and safety of the tenant and/or other people.

# 7. Expected property standards

- 7.1 When a tenancy is coming to an end, the following standards are expected to avoid a Recharge being incurred:
  - re-instate any unauthorised alterations to the property or any authorised alterations that are subject to the condition that they are reinstated at the end of your tenancy agreement
  - remove all of your furniture, personal belongings and rubbish from the property
  - ensure the property (including the garden, outbuildings and loft space) is left in a clean and tidy condition
  - clear and dispose of all your personal belongings, furniture, rubbish and personal effects
  - make good any damage to the property
  - any alterations or additions that have been carried out without written permission must also be returned to their original state
- 7.2 Any permitted alterations that have been made to the property by the tenant may remain in the property, providing these are deemed acceptable there will be no recharge incurred to the tenant.
- 7.3 Where Oadby & Wigston Borough Council incurs costs to collect, store or dispose of any furniture, goods or personal items that a tenant has failed to remove from the property a Recharge would apply.
- 7.4 In some circumstances the Council may exercise discretion and allow a tenant to leave certain items in the property if the council is satisfied with the cleanliness and the standard of the items.

#### 8. Former tenants

- 8.1 Rechargeable work may be identified when a property is inspected before the vacating tenant moves out. The tenant needs to be given the opportunity to put the works back to re-let standard prior to them moving out. However, most rechargeable work will be discovered when furniture and fittings have been removed and the property is vacant. Photographic evidence will be taken at this stage.
- 8.2 In all cases where the address of the former tenant is known, an invoice will be raised at the earliest opportunity for any completed chargeable repairs or services utilised to bring the property back to re-let standard.
  - **N.B.** We cannot give a former tenant the opportunity to do the work after they have moved out.

# 9. Exceptional Circumstances

- 9.1 In exceptional circumstances where the Officer or Contractor feels that the tenant should not be charged for a repair or service, evidence should be submitted to the Senior Officer / Manager on a case by case decision as to whether a Recharge will be applied.
- 9.2 Waiving of a Recharge will be at the considered if a Senior Officer / Manager or other delegated officer finds that it would not be beneficial to pursue a recharge based on individual circumstances.

#### 10. Repayment

- 10.1 When a Recharge is identified, the tenant will be notified at the earliest opportunity and advised of the approximate cost. An invoice will be sent to the tenant following the repairs or services being carried out. This invoice will show the total cost of works, the outstanding balance due and any VAT applied as appropriate.
- 10.2 If the tenant is unable to clear the outstanding balance, an affordable realistic agreement can be made with the tenant based on their household's financial income. This also needs to take into account frequency and method of payment to ensure this debt is cleared in a reasonable time frame, ideally within 12 months of the works being carried out.

# 11. Subsequent Rechargeable Items

- 11.1 If the tenant has outstanding debt for a previous repair/works that have been carried out, subsequent non-essential repairs will **not** be carried out unless:
  - The tenant has reduced the current recharge debt by 50%, or
  - The tenant has been adhering to a repayment plan for a period of at least 3 months, or
  - The tenant makes a payment to reduce the current rechargeable debt by 50%

**Important note:** The identification of a rechargeable item will trigger an investigation by the Housing Officer (each time) to assess if there is a need to take enforcement or supportive action.

11.2 In exceptional circumstances and whereby the above criteria cannot be met, the Housing Officer will carry out a financial assessment to establish the tenants ability to pay. A decision as to whether the repair or service should go ahead will be reached by a Senior Officer or Manager providing a contribution payment made towards the existing debt.

# 12. Appeals

12.1 Where a tenant disagrees with or disputes the amount of a Recharge, an appeal can be made to review the decision. The tenant must submit their appeal in writing which will be dealt with by an appropriate manager who was not involved in making the original decision. The appeal should be addressed to:

The Housing Manager
Oadby & Wigston Borough Council
Brocks Hill Council Offices
Washbrook Lane
Oadby
Leicester
LE2 5JJ